

Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

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Printing date 28.02.2020 Revision: 28.02.2020 Version number 7

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Trade name: Perchloric Acid 0.1 mol/l (0.1N) in acetic acid
- · Article number: 1046
- · Registration number A registration number is not available for this substance as it is a mixture.
- · 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

No further relevant information available.

· Application of the substance / the mixture

Chemical analytics Chemical production Laboratory chemical

- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

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C/Garraf 2

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- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Single telephone number for emergency calls: 112 (EU)

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flam. Lig. 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Corr. 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.

Hazard pictograms





GHS02 GHS05

- · Signal word Danger
- · Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Acetic acid

perchloric acid

· Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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· Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing

protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

· 2.3 Other hazards

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: Not applicable.vPvB: Not applicable.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Chemical characterisation: Mixtures

· Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous components:				
CAS: 64-19-7 EINECS: 200-580-7	Acetic acid Flam. Lig. 3, H226; Skin Corr. 1A, H314	>50-<100%		
Reg.nr.: 01-2119475328-30-XXXX				
EINECS: 231-512-4	perchloric acid	>0.1-≤1%		
	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Ox. Liq. 1, H271; Skin Corr. 1A, H314; Acute Tox. 4, H302			

· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information:

Personal protection for the First Aider.

Involve doctor immediately.

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

· After inhalation:

Supply fresh air or oxygen; call for doctor.

Take affected persons into fresh air and keep quiet.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

· After skin contact:

Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product.

Immediate medical treatment necessary. Failure to treat burns can prevent wounds from healing. Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

- After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.
- After swallowing:

Rinse out mouth.

Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

make victim drink water (maximum of 2 drinking glasses)

· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No further relevant information available.

· 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

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· 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire, the following can be released:

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

Hydrogen chloride (HCI)

Phosgene gas

Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

Vapours ara heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Beware of backfiring.

- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment: Wear self-contained respiratory protective device.
- Additional information

Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

Contain escaping vapours with water.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

· 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Avoid substance contact.

Do not inhale steams/aerosols.

- · 6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- · 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Use neutralising agent.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Clean up affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

· 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

Ensure good interior ventilation, especially at floor level. (Fumes are heavier than air).

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.

Protect against electrostatic charges.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Provide acid-resistant floor.
- Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.
- Further information about storage conditions:

Keep container tightly sealed.

Open receptacle only under localised extractor facilities.

Store under lock and key and with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants only.

- · Recommended storage temperature: Room Temperature
- · Storage class: 3
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- · Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.
- · 8.1 Control parameters

· Ingredients with limit	values that	require mo	onitoring at t	he workplace	•

64-19-7 Acetic acid

WEL Short-term value: 50 mg/m³, 20 ppm Long-term value: 25 mg/m³, 10 ppm

· DNELs

64-19-7 Acetic acid

Dermal	Acute - local effects, worker	25 mg/kg
Inhalative	Long-term - local effects, worker	25 mg/m3
	Acute - local effects, general population	25 mg/m3
	Long-term - local effects, general population	25 mg/m3

· PNECs

64-19-7 Acetic acid

3.058 mg/L
3.058 mg/L
30.58 mg/L
11.36 mg/kg
1.136 mg/kg
85 mg/L

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Personal protective equipment:
- · General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

Respiratory protection:

Filter ABEK

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

· Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Penetration time of glove material

The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

• For the permanent contact gloves made of the following materials are suitable: Butyl rubber, BR

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Recommended thickness of the material: \geq 0.7 mm Value for the permeation: Level \geq 480 min min

· As protection from splashes gloves made of the following materials are suitable:

Recommended thickness of the material: ≥ 0.6 mm

Natural rubber, NR

Value for the permeation: Level ≥ 30 min min

Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection:

Use protective suit.

Acid resistant protective clothing

Protective clothing should be selected specifically for the working place, depending on concentration and quantity of the hazourdous substances handled.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemi	cal properties
9.1 Information on basic physical and	chemical properties
General Information	
Appearance:	
Form:	Liquid
Colour:	Colourless
Odour three hold:	Pungent
Odour threshold:	Not determined.
pH-value at 20 °C:	~0.1
Change in condition	
Melting point/freezing point:	Undetermined.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Undetermined.
Flash point:	~40 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not applicable.
Ignition temperature:	~485 °C
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Product is not selfigniting.
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosi air/vapour mixtures are possible.
Explosion limits:	
Lower:	4 Vol %
Upper:	16 Vol %
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	16 hPa
Density at 20 °C:	1.06 g/cm³
Relative density	Not determined.
Vapour density	Not determined.
Evaporation rate	Not determined.
Solubility in / Miscibility with	
water:	Not determined.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not determined.
	Not dotominou.
Viscosity:	
Dynamic:	Not determined.

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Kinematic:	Not determined.	
· Solvent content: Organic solvents:	99.0 %	
Solids content: 9.2 Other information	0.0 % No further relevant information available.	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- 10.2 Chemical stability
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions No dangerous reactions known.
- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid Heating.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials:

potassium permanganate

peroxides

Danger of explosion.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Ethanoic acid

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- · 11.1 Information on toxicological effects
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

· Compone	ents	Туре	Value	Species
64-19-7 A	cetic acid			
Oral	LD50	3,310 mg/kg (rat)		
Dermal	LD50	1,130 mg/kg (rabbit)		
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	5,620 mg/l (mouse)		

- Primary irritant effect:
- · Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

- · After inhalation: Strong caustic effect on skin and mucous membranes.
- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
- Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

- · 12.1 Toxicity
- Aquatic toxicity:

Type of test Effective concentration	Method	Assessment
64-19-7 Acetic acid		
EC50/72 h >300.8 mg/l (Algae)		

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EC50/24 h | >300.8 mg/l (daphnia magna) (OECD 202)

LC50/96 h | >300.8 mg/l (fish) (OECD 203)

- · 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Rinse off of bigger amounts into drains or the aquatic environment may lead to decreased pH-values. A low pH-value harms aquatic organisms. In the dilution of the use-level the pH-value is considerably increased, so that after the use of the product the aqueous waste, emptied into drains, is only low water-dangerous.

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.

- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · PBT: Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- 12.6 Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Chemicals must be disposed of in compliance with the respective national regulations.

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- Recommendation:

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

Packagings that may not be cleansed are to be disposed of in the same manner as the product.

SECTION 14: Transport information · 14.1 UN-Number · ADR, IMDG, IATA UN2920 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR, IMDG CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL, PERCHLORIC ACID) ·IATA CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL, CHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE AND CHLOROPENTAFLUOROETHANE MIXTURE (REFRIGERANT GAS R 502))

- · 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
- · ADR





· Class

8 (CF1) Corrosive substances.

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· Label	8+3
· IMDG	
· Class · Label	8 Corrosive substances. 8/3
·IATA	
· Class · Label	8 Corrosive substances. 8 (3)
· 14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG, IATA	II
· 14.5 Environmental hazards: · Marine pollutant:	No
 14.6 Special precautions for user Hazard identification number (Kemler code): EMS Number: Stowage Category Stowage Code 	Warning: Corrosive substances. 83 F-E,S-C E SW1 Protected from sources of heat. SW2 Clear of living quarters.
 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II o Marpol and the IBC Code 	f Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	
· ADR · Limited quantities (LQ) · Excepted quantities (EQ)	1L Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
· Transport category · Tunnel restriction code	2 D/E
· IMDG · Limited quantities (LQ) · Excepted quantities (EQ)	1L Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
· UN "Model Regulation":	UN 2920 CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL, PERCHLORIC ACID), 8 (3), II

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

- · 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

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- · Seveso category P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS
- · Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 5,000 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 50,000 t
- · REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3
- · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

· Abbreviations and acronyms:

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the

International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (RÈACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids - Category 3

Ox. Liq. 1: Oxidizing liquids - Category 1

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity - oral - Category 4

Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation – Čategory 1A Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1

* Data compared to the previous version altered.

Annex: Exposure scenario

- Short title of the exposure scenario Formulation and packing/repacking of substances and mixtures
- Description of the activities / processes covered in the Exposure Scenario

See section 1 of the annex to the Safety Data Sheet.

- · Conditions of use
- · Duration and frequency 5 workdays/week.
- · Physical parameters
- · Physical state Fluid
- · Concentration of the substance in the mixture The substance is main component.
- · Other operational conditions
- · Other operational conditions affecting environmental exposure No special measures required.
- · Other operational conditions affecting worker exposure

Avoid contact with eyes.

Avoid contact with the skin.

- · Other operational conditions affecting consumer exposure No special measures required.
- Other operational conditions affecting consumer exposure during the use of the product Not applicable.
- · Risk management measures
- · Worker protection
- · Organisational protective measures No special measures required.

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· Technical protective measures

Ensure that suitable extractors are available on processing machines

· Personal protective measures

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the skin.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Tightly sealed goggles

Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

- Measures for consumer protection Ensure adequate labelling.
- · Environmental protection measures
- · Water

Generally, prior to the introduction of wastewater into wastewater treatment plants a neutralisation is required.

- · Disposal measures Ensure that waste is collected and contained.
- · Disposal procedures

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.

- · Waste type Partially emptied and uncleaned packaging
- · Exposure estimation
- · Consumer Not relevant for this Exposure Scenario.
- Guidance for downstream users No further relevant information available.

- GF